SDG SUMMIT | MALAYSIA

STRATEGIES TO LEAVE NO ONE BEHIND

KLCC, KUALA LUMPUR
6th NOVEMBER 2019 (1130 AM)
Outline of Presentation

1. Malaysia’s Development Framework: 12MP & 13MP, SPV 2030 and 2030 Agenda for SDGs;
2. Twelfth Malaysia Plan (12MP), 2016-2030;
3. Shared Prosperity Vision 2030 (SPV 2030);
4. Data Management; and
5. Way Forward
1. MALAYSIA’S DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK

Post Independence, 1956-1970
- Malaya Plan 1
- Malaya Plan 2
- 1 MP

Medium term
- 2MP
- 3MP
- 4MP
- 5MP
- 6MP
- 7MP
- 8MP
- 9MP
- 10MP
- 11MP
- Mid-Term Review of 11MP 2018-2020

Long-term perspectives
- Growth with Equitability
- Balanced Development
- A country that is resilient and competitive
- New Economic Model

Vision 2020, 1991-2020

Comprehensive Development

12MP

13MP

Notes* Pakatan Harapan took over the Government and sets the new policies priorities

SDG 2030

Restructuring the Developmental Priorities of Malaysia

New Emphasis and Priorities

Shared Prosperity Vision 2030, 2021-2030

Vision 2020, 1991-2020

Comprehensive Development

Notes* Pakatan Harapan took over the Government and sets the new policies priorities
MAPPING OF MTR 11MP TO 17 SDGs

Pillar I
Reforming governance towards greater transparency and enhancing efficiency of public service

4 Priority Areas
12 Strategies

Pillar II
Enhancing inclusive development and wellbeing

2 Priority Areas
9 Strategies

Pillar III
Pursuing balanced regional development

3 Priority Areas
12 Strategies

Pillar IV
Empowering human capital

4 Priority Areas
11 Strategies

Pillar V
Enhancing environmental sustainability through green growth

3 Priority Areas
9 Strategies

Pillar VI
Strengthening economic growth

3 Priority Areas
13 Strategies

6 policy pillars of MTR covers all 17 SDGs
MTR 11MP:
Pillar II: Enhancing Inclusive Development and Wellbeing

- Orang Asli, Anak Negeri Sabah and Bumiputera Sarawak and low income Indian and Chinese households
- Poor and low-income households
- Children, Youth, Women, Elderly, Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) and Family

Priority Area A
Enhancing inclusiveness towards an equitable society

Priority Area B
Improving wellbeing for all

Strategy A1
Raising the income and purchasing power of B40 households

Strategy A2
Enhancing Bumiputera Economic Community (BEC)

Strategy A3
Empowering minority groups

Strategy A4
Addressing the needs of specific target groups

Strategy B1
Increasing purchasing power for all

Strategy B2
Providing quality and affordable housing

Strategy B3
Enhancing the healthcare delivery system

Strategy B4
Making the nation safer and secure

Strategy B5
Promoting noble values and active lifestyle
Integrating SDGs into the Planning Framework...

MAPPING OF MTR 11MP TO 17 SDGs

MTR of 11th MP

**Pillar II**
Enhancing inclusive development and wellbeing

- **Strategy A1**: Raising the income and purchasing power of B40 households to bridge socioeconomic inequality
- **Strategy A3**: Empowering minority groups to benefit from economic activities
- **Strategy A4**: Addressing the needs of specific target groups to promote an equitable society
- **Strategy B1**: Increasing purchasing power for all to ease the burden of the *rakyat*
- **Strategy B2**: Providing quality and affordable housing to improve the quality of life
WAY FORWARD
POLARITY MANAGEMENT is a model of managing issues faced by the minority and specific target groups.

- Key target groups:
  i. B40 group, Poor and Economically Vulnerable;
  ii. Community in Economic Transition;
  iii. Indigenous Community;
  iv. Bumiputera in Sabah and Sarawak;
  v. People with Disabilities;
  vi. Youth;
  vii. Women;
  viii. Children; and
  ix. Senior Citizens

Three objectives of SPV 2030:

i. Development for All;

ii. Addressing Wealth & Income Disparities; and

iii. United, Prosperous & Dignified Nation.

To achieve all objectives, SPV 2030 will be guided by 15 Guiding Principles and 7 Thrusts, 8 Enablers and 10 Target Achievements.

The SPV 2030 aims at providing decent standards of living for all Malaysians by 2030. This is in tandem with the spirit of leaving no one behind under the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development of the UN.
2. Twelfth Malaysia Plan (12MP), 2021-2025:
Development Dimensions

1. Economic Empowerment:
   Growth drivers and enablers, ecosystem and imperatives

2. Environmental Sustainability:
   Conservation and preservation

3. Social Re-engineering:
   Enhancing social capital, inclusivity and social cohesion

4. Governance and Policy Tools

The three development dimensions are aligned with Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
**Operationalising the Twelfth Malaysia Plan, 2021-2025**

**Social Re-engineering**

**Social capital**
- Social enterprises
- Affordable housing
- Healthy and active lifestyle
- Invigorate healthcare
- Ageing Society
- Early childhood education for all
- Structured financial support system for students
- Regulating industry-academia collaboration in TVET
- Job creation for local
- Managing foreign workers
- Work-life balance

**Inclusivity**
- Cost of living and purchasing power
- Diversify sources of income
- Towards smart farming/ precision agriculture
- Universal basic income
- Greater income equality with focus on B40 and M40
- Improve poverty measurement
- Urban poverty
- Independent Bumiputera
- Optimising Malay reserve land
- **Minority groups participation (Orang Asli, Bumiputera Sarawak, Anak Negeri Sabah, Low Income Indian and Kampung Baru Cina)**

**Social cohesiion**
- National unity and cohesion
- **Community development (including person with disabilities)**
- Good ethics and moral values
- Access to education services
- Secure nation

“Inclusive development with emphasis on growth with equity provides equitable opportunities for all to participate and benefit from economic growth and development irrespective of gender, ethnicity, socioeconomic status and geographical location to achieve a developed and inclusive nation”

Source: MEA, 11MP
Thank you

www.mea.gov.my